



Microscope Illumination

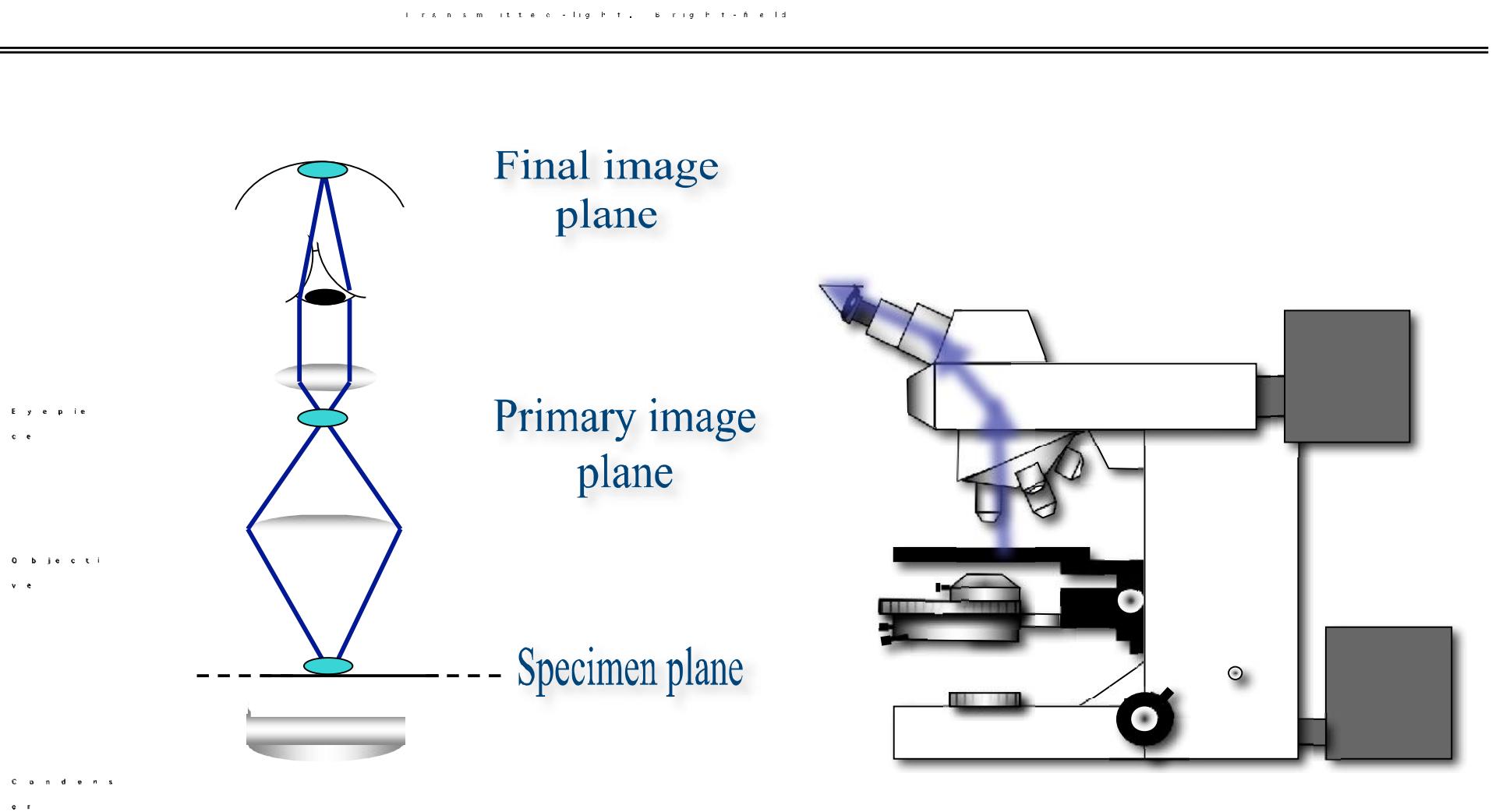
Two basic methods of illumination:

Source-focused or ‘Critical’ Illumination:

Light-source imaged on to specimen

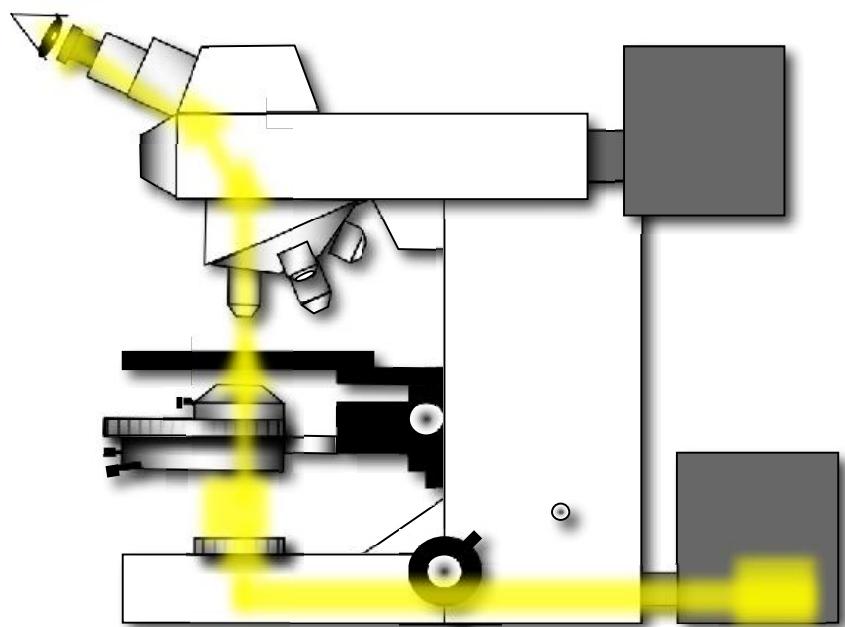
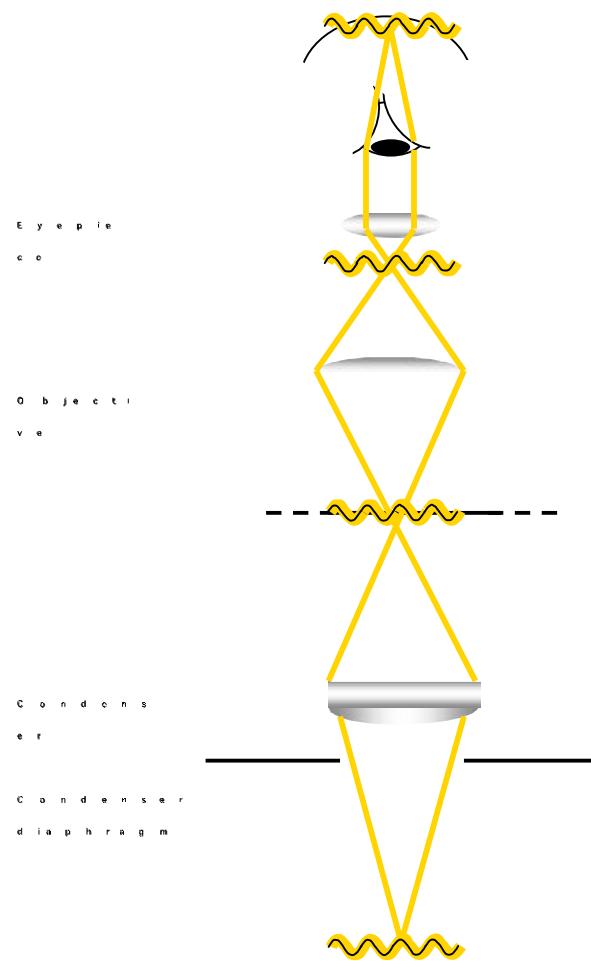
Köhler Illumination:

Light-source imaged in the aperture of
the condenser



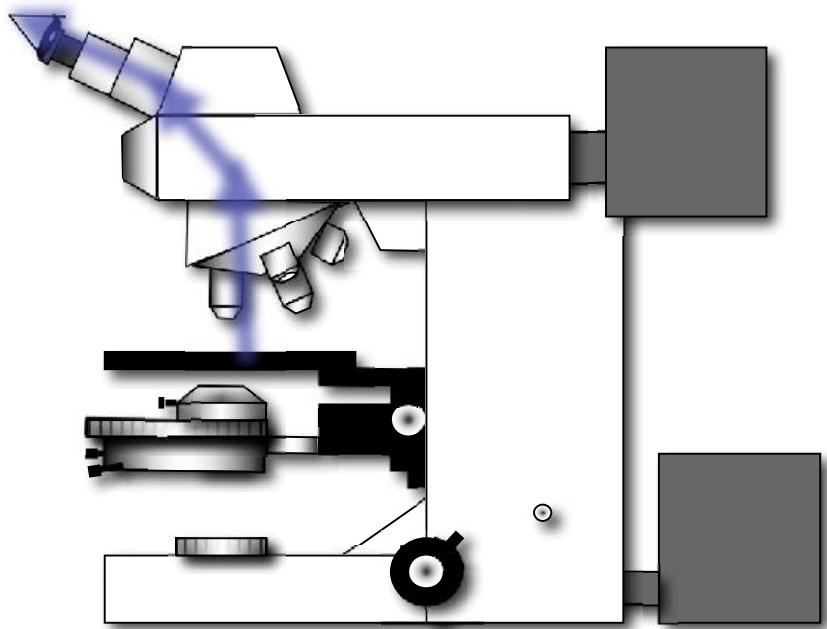
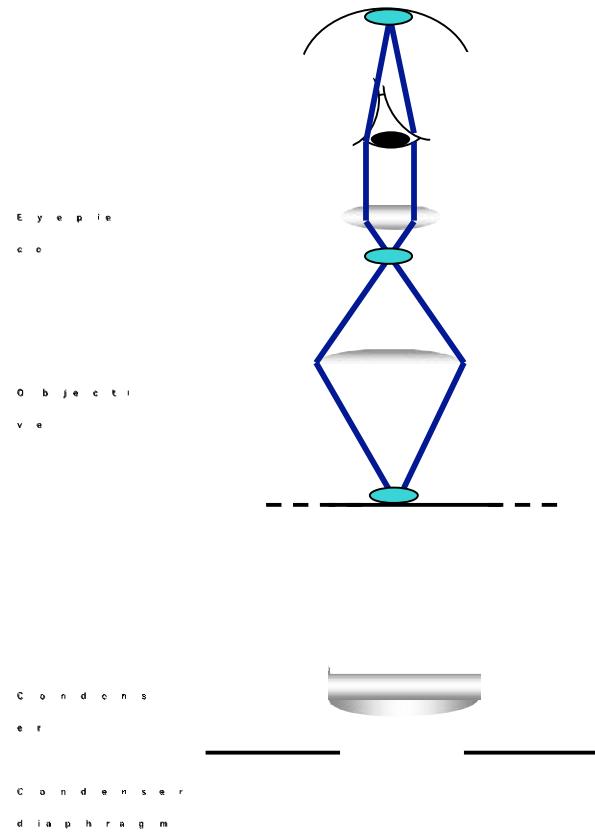
What are conjugated planes?

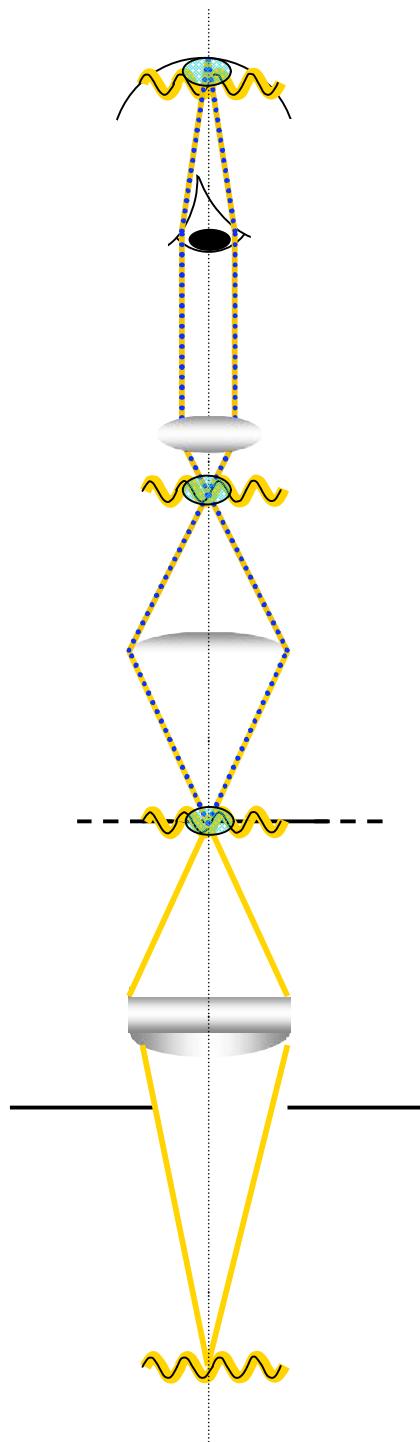
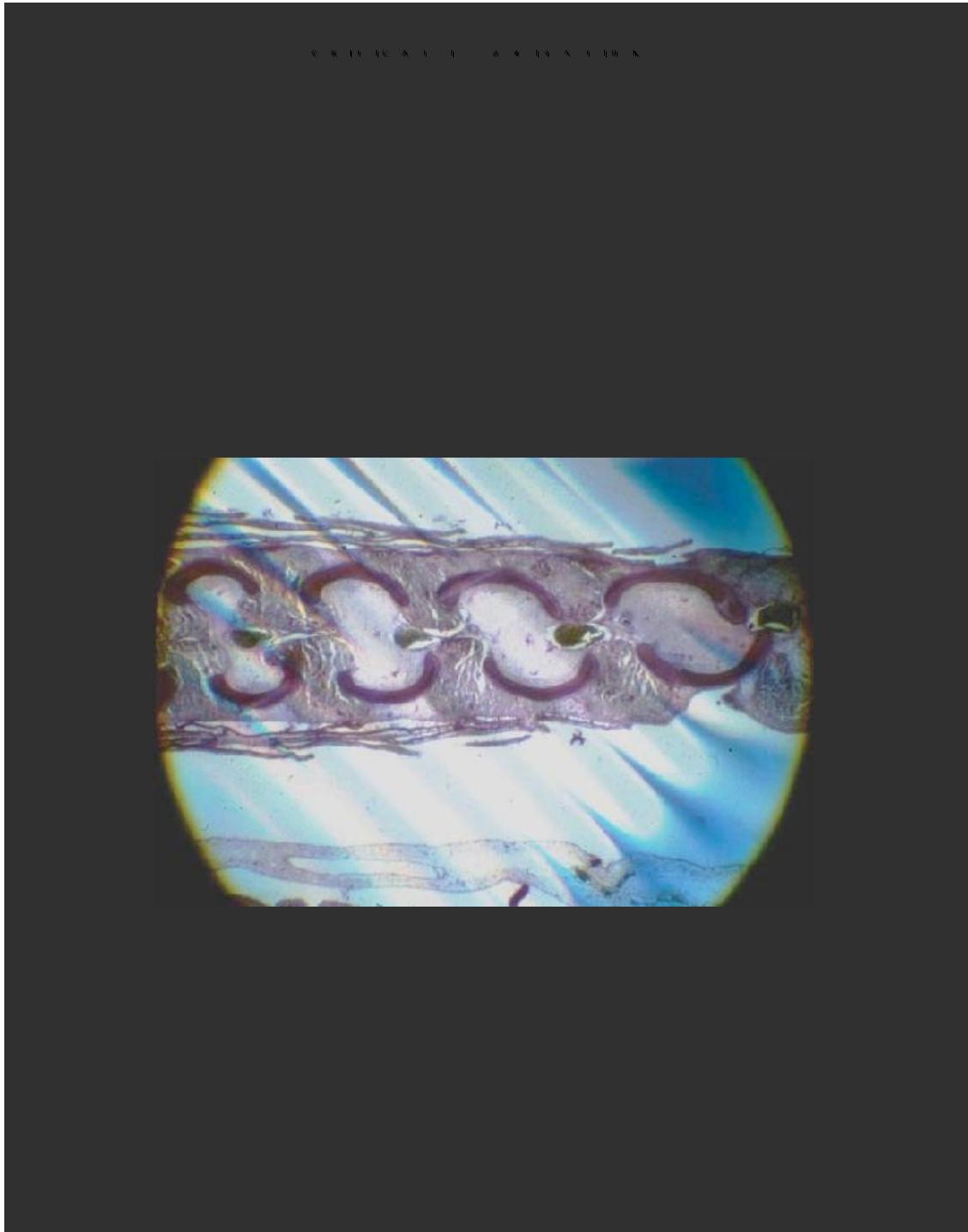
Transmitted light, bright-field

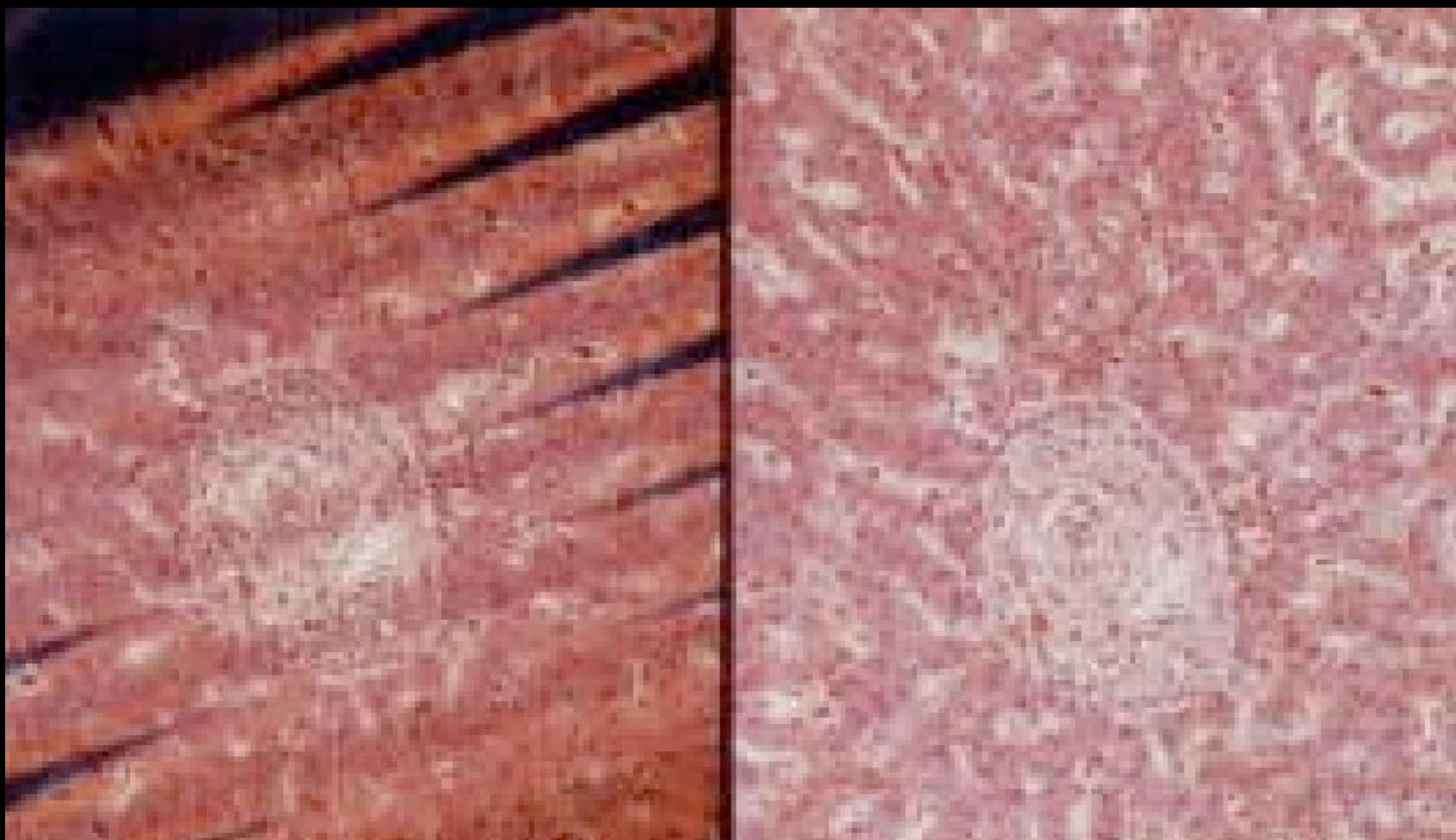


"Section of plate 1"

Transmitted light, bright-field







August Köhler

1866 - 1948

Published
A new system of illumination for photomicrographic purposes
(in German) in 1893.

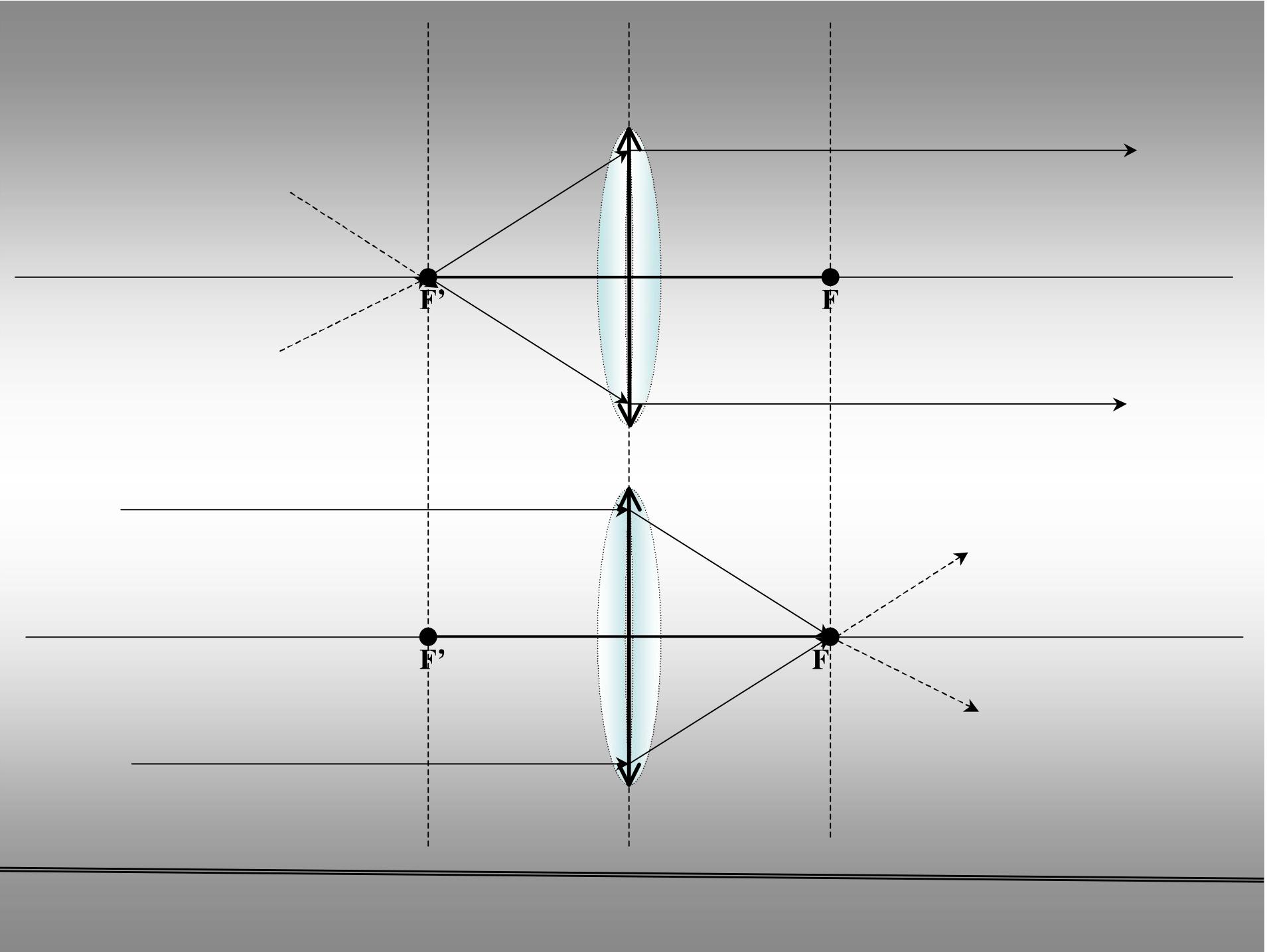
Köhler illumination

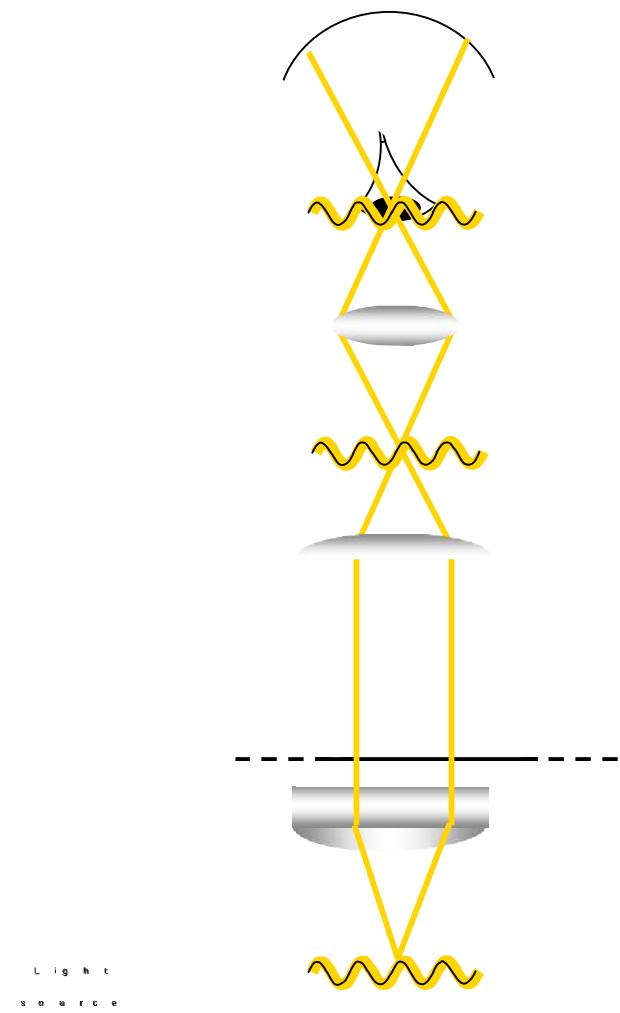
Köhler alignment

Microscope alignment

Did you.....Köhler??

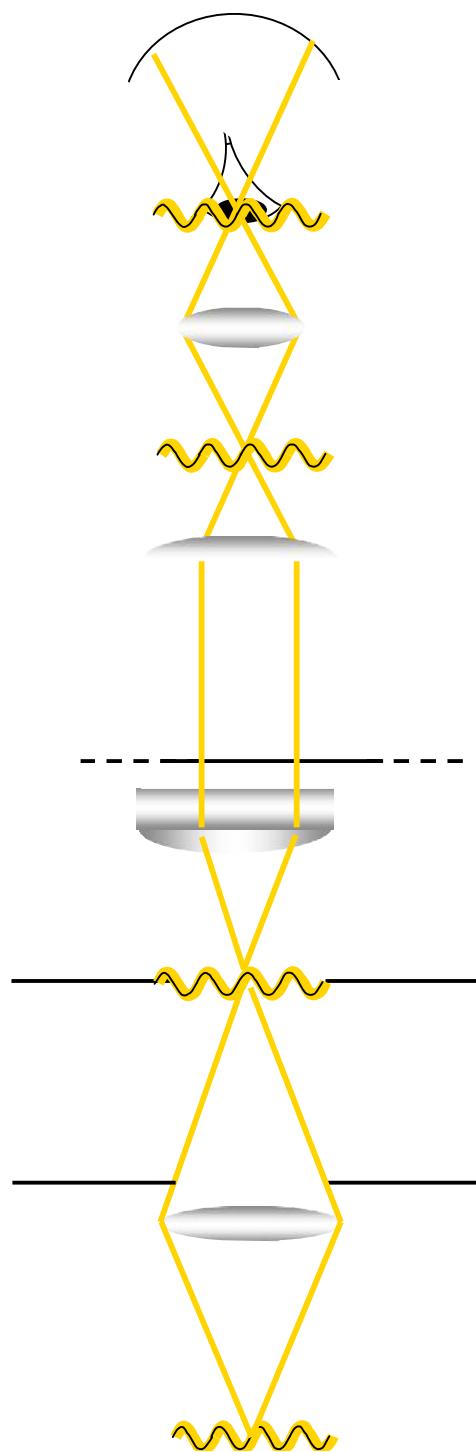


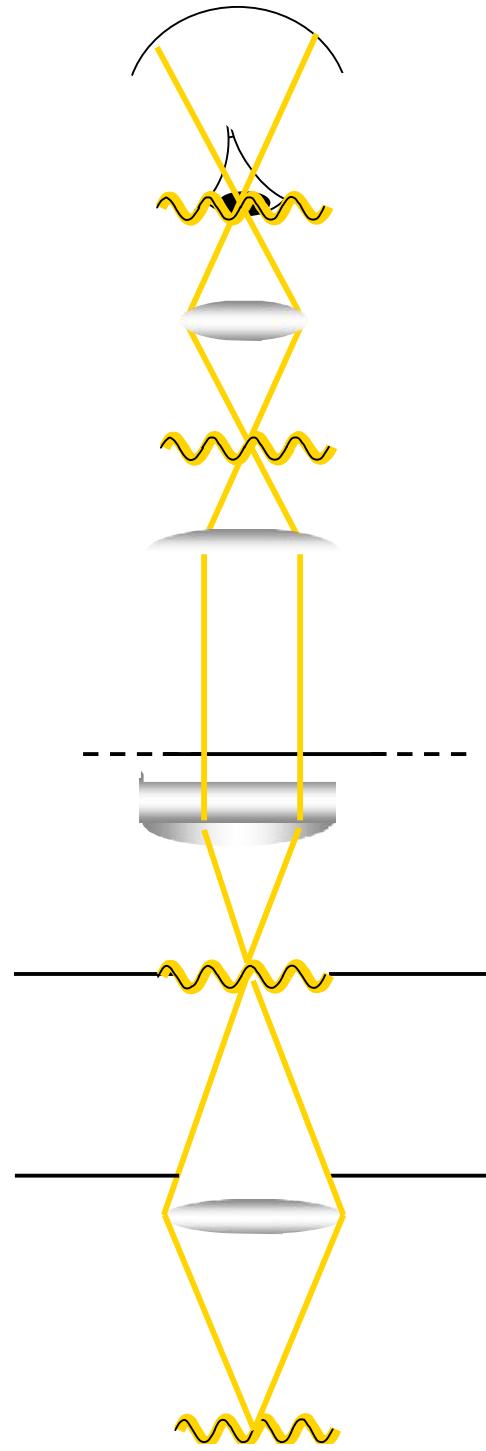




E y e p i e
c e

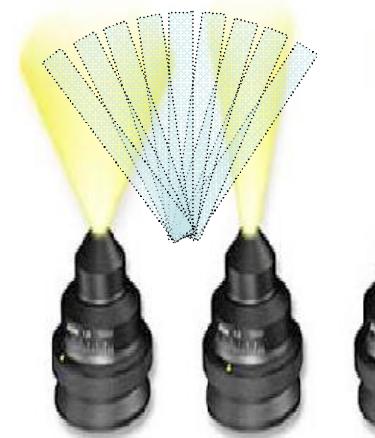
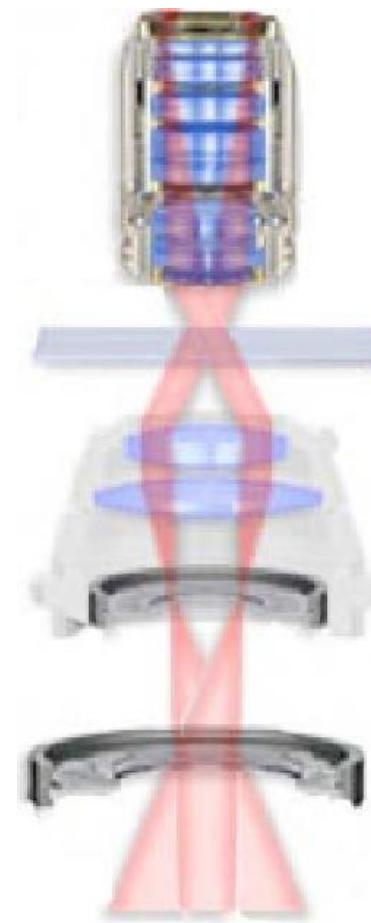
O b j e c t i
v e

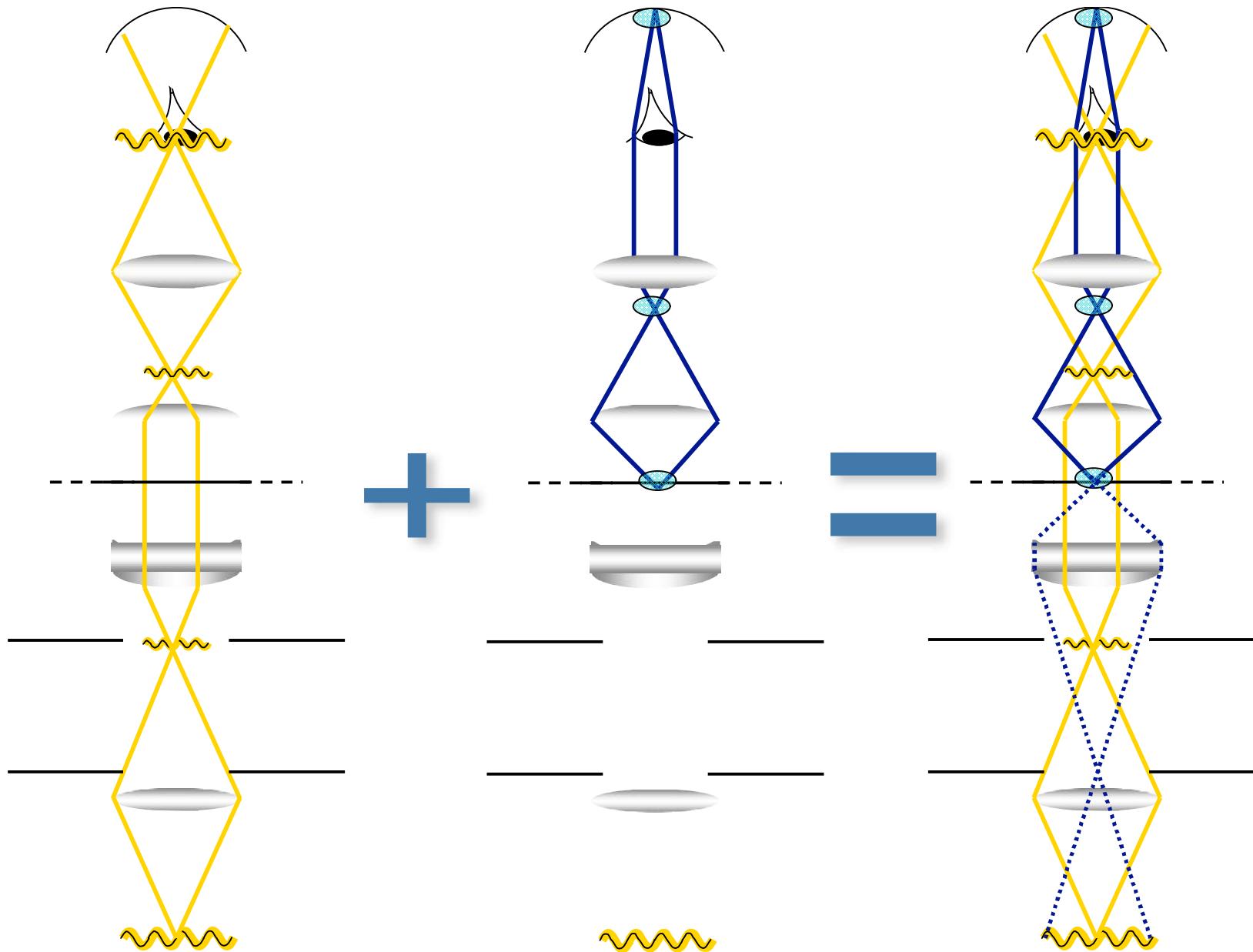




OPTIONAL (JUST IN CASE)

Light up the *specimen* uniformly





Set of "aperture"
Conjugated planes

+

Set of "field"
Conjugated planes

= **2 Sets of conjugated Planes**

Condenser aperture image
+
Lamp Filament image



Condenser aperture image
+
Lamp Filament image



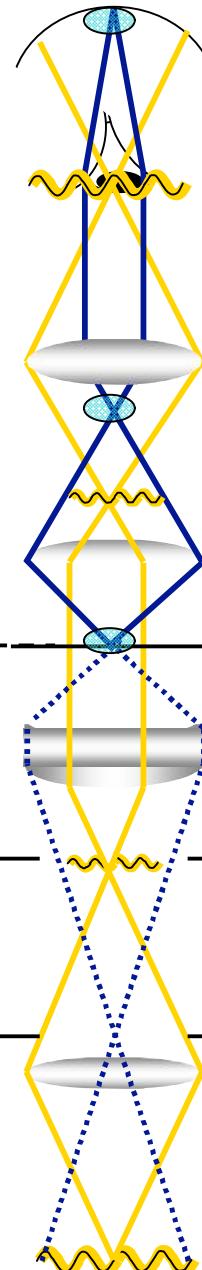
Condenser aperture
+
Lamp Filament image



Lamp Filament



Aperture Set of planes

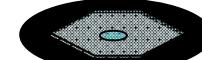


2 Conjugated set of Planes

Final image of the specimen
+
Diaphragm image



Primary image of the specimen
+
Diaphragm image



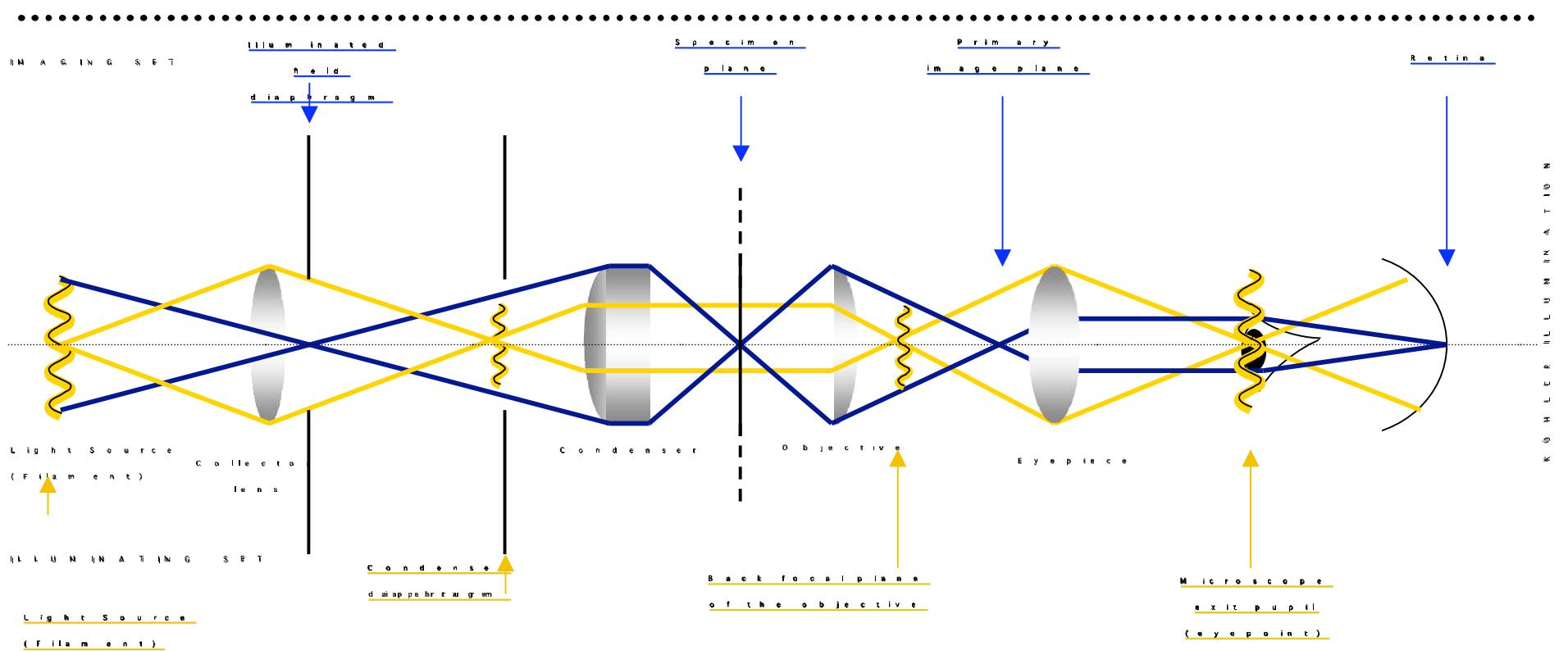
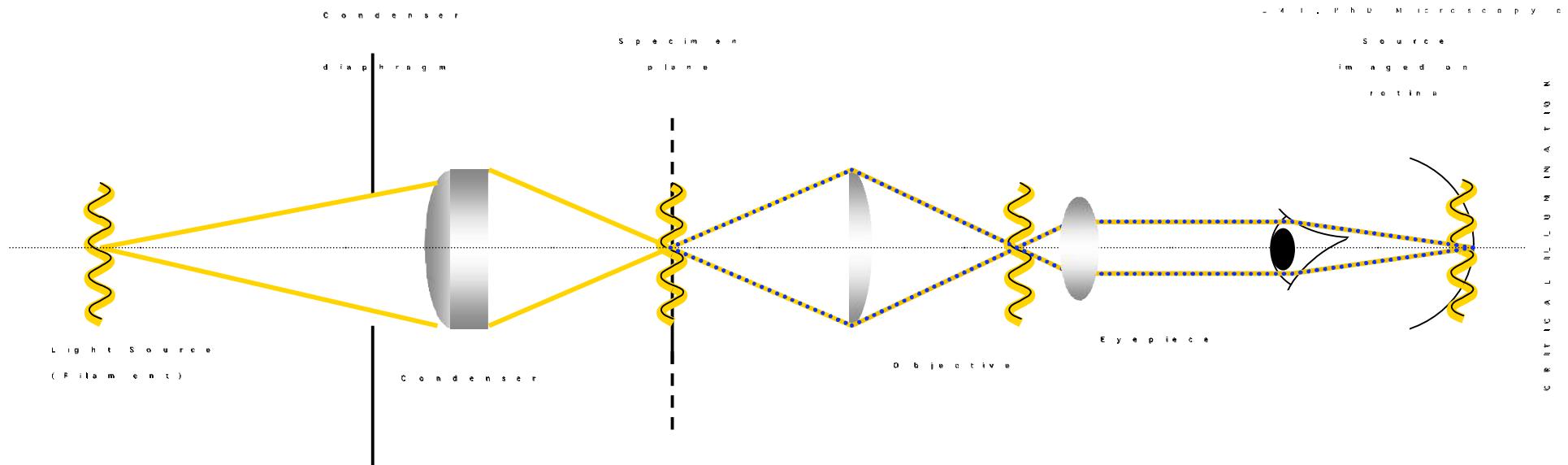
Specimen
+
Diaphragm image



Diaphragm



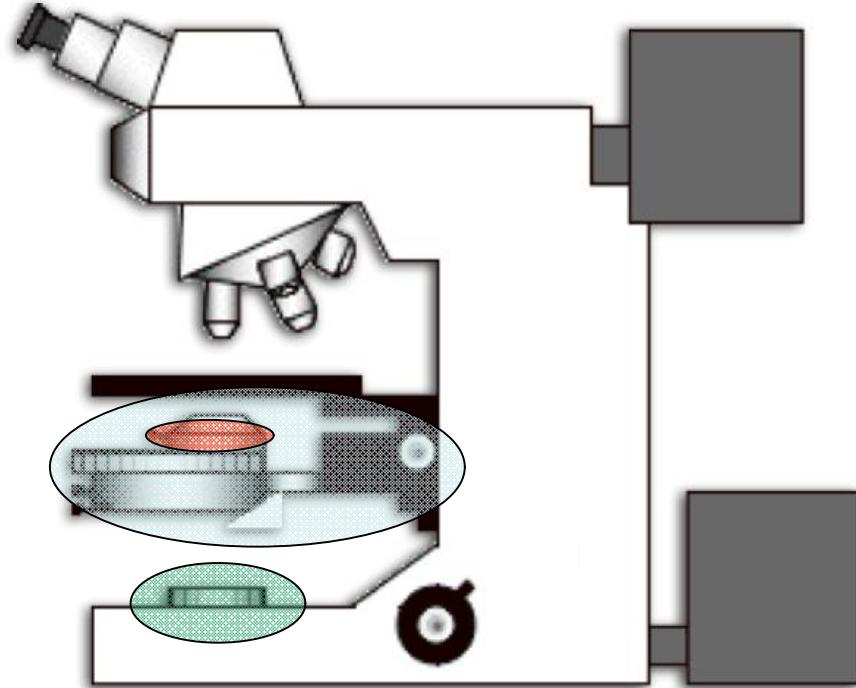
Field Set of planes



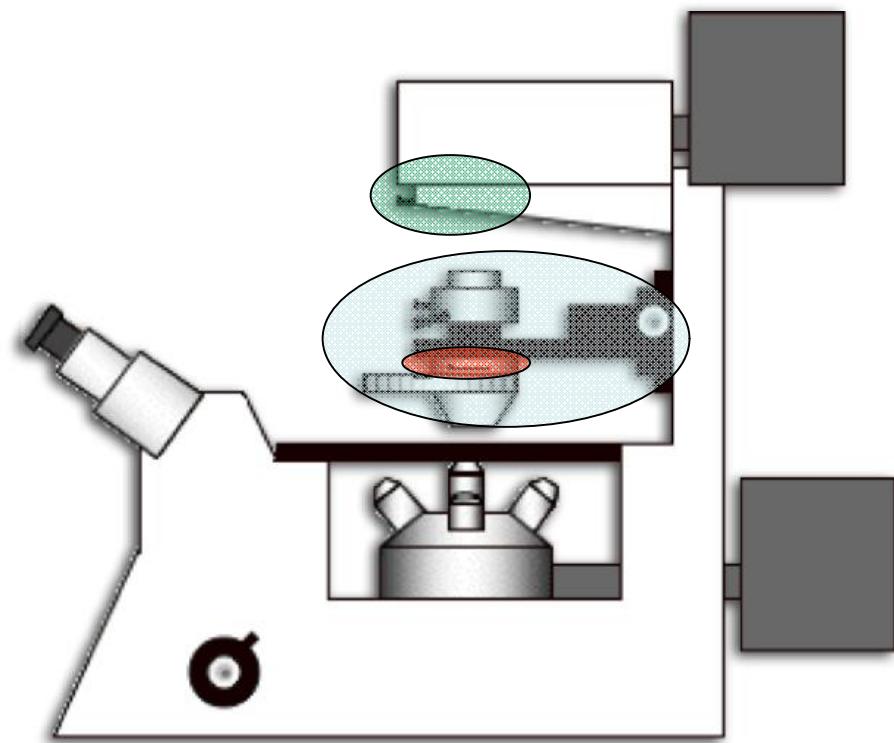
What are we trying to do when illuminating a microscopical specimen??

- Light up the *specimen uniformly*
 - over a *controllable area*
- Illuminate the *objective aperture uniformly*
 - over a *controllable angle*

U P R I G H T M I C R O S C O P E



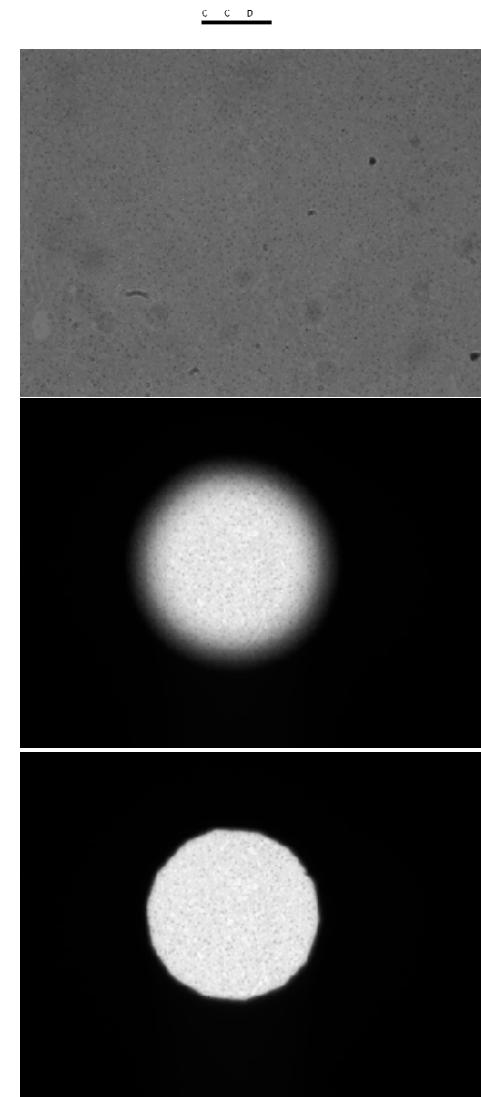
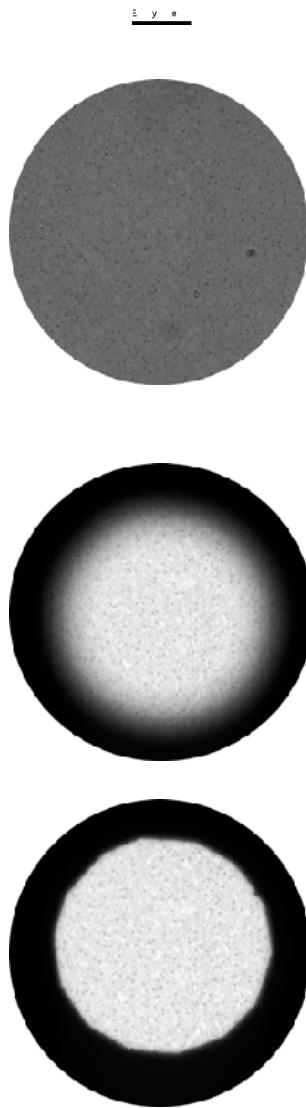
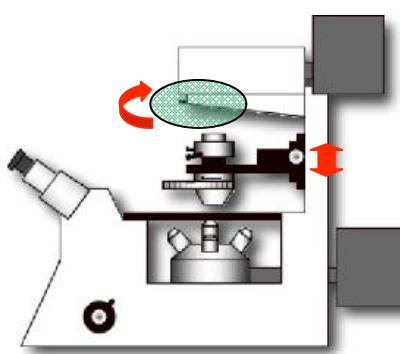
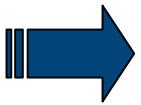
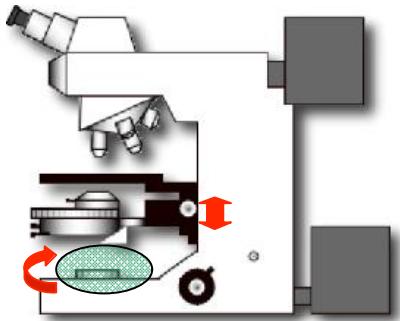
I N V E R T E D M I C R O S C O P E

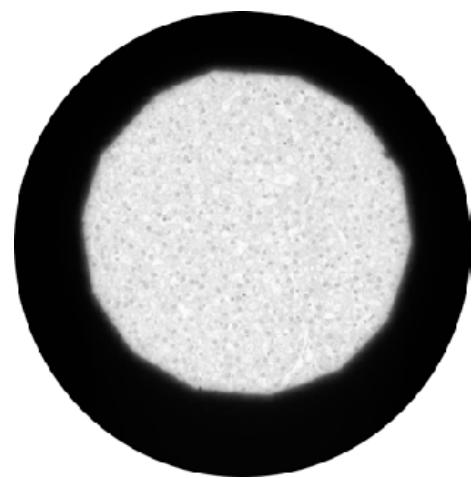
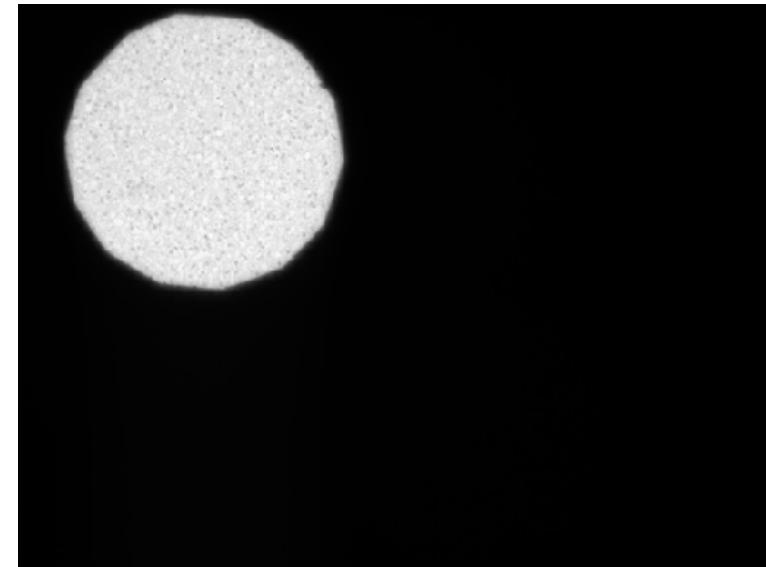


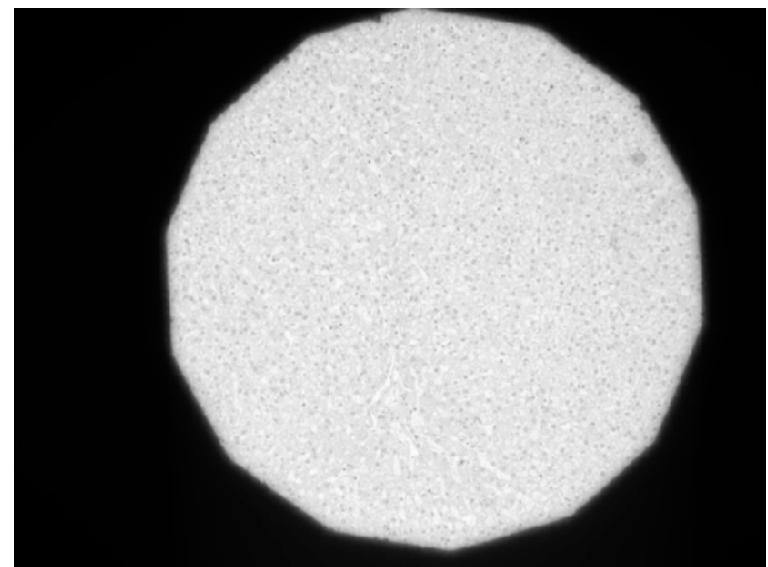
○ Condenser

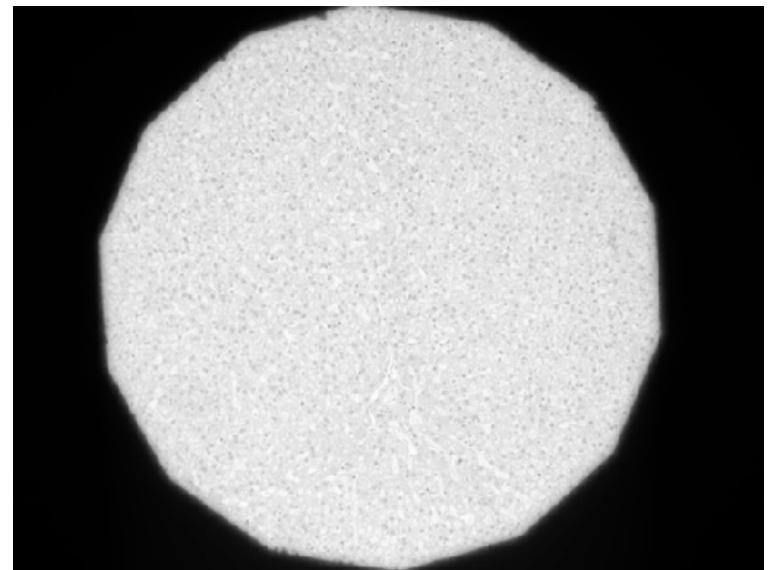
○ Field Diaphragm. (FD)

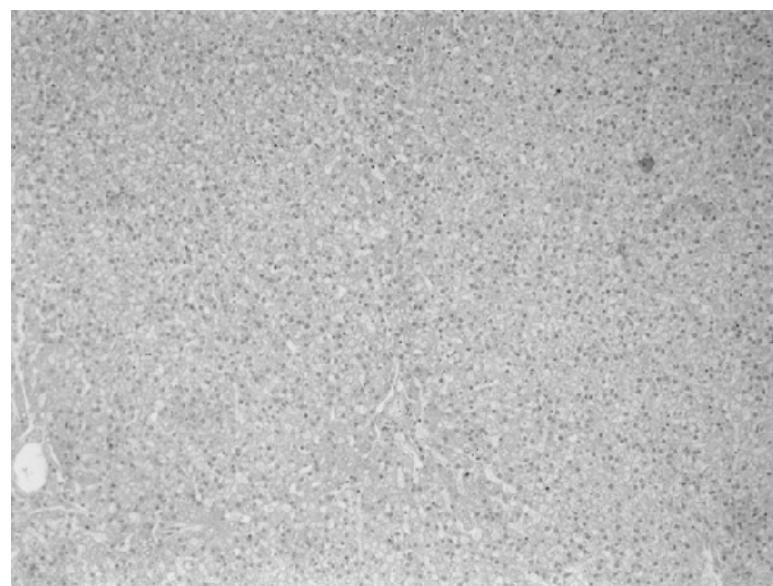
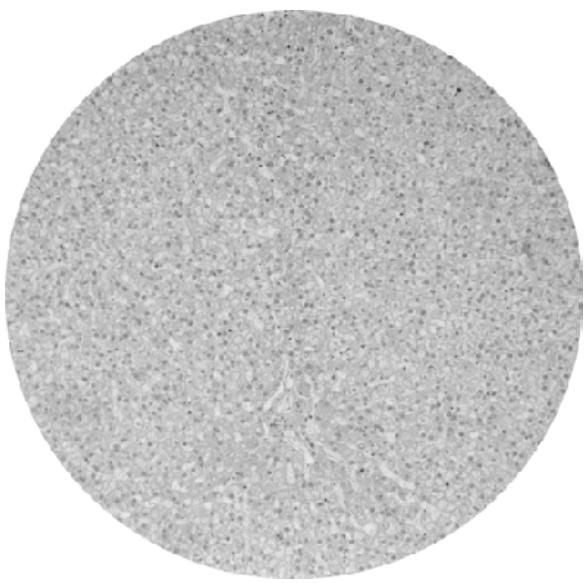
○ Condenser Aperture. (CD)













-6 0 %



-8 0 %



-9 5 %



-10 0 %

Condenser Aperture too large



Image hazy and 'washed out'

Condenser Aperture correct

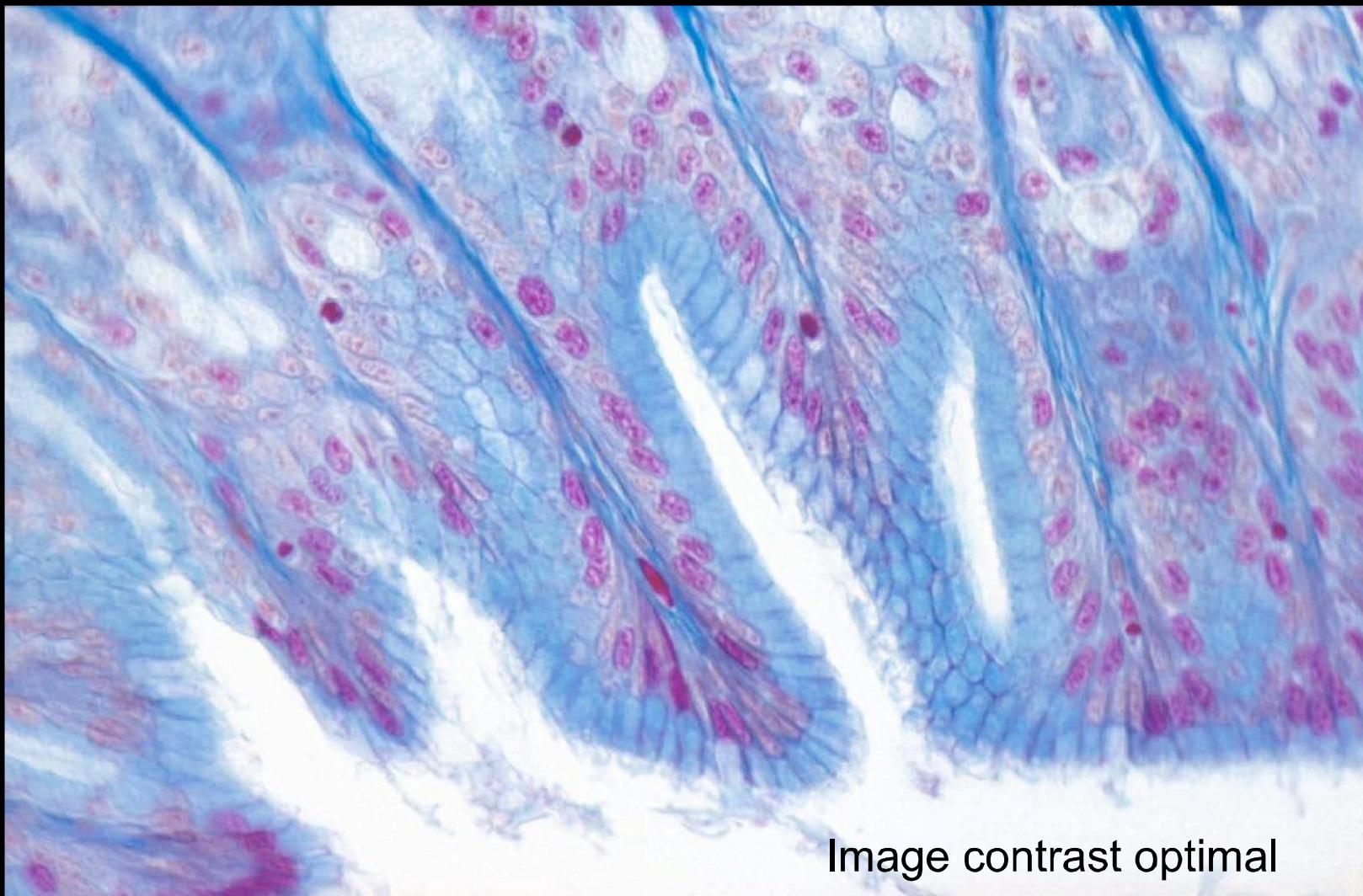


Image contrast optimal

From Peter Evennett

Condenser Aperture too small

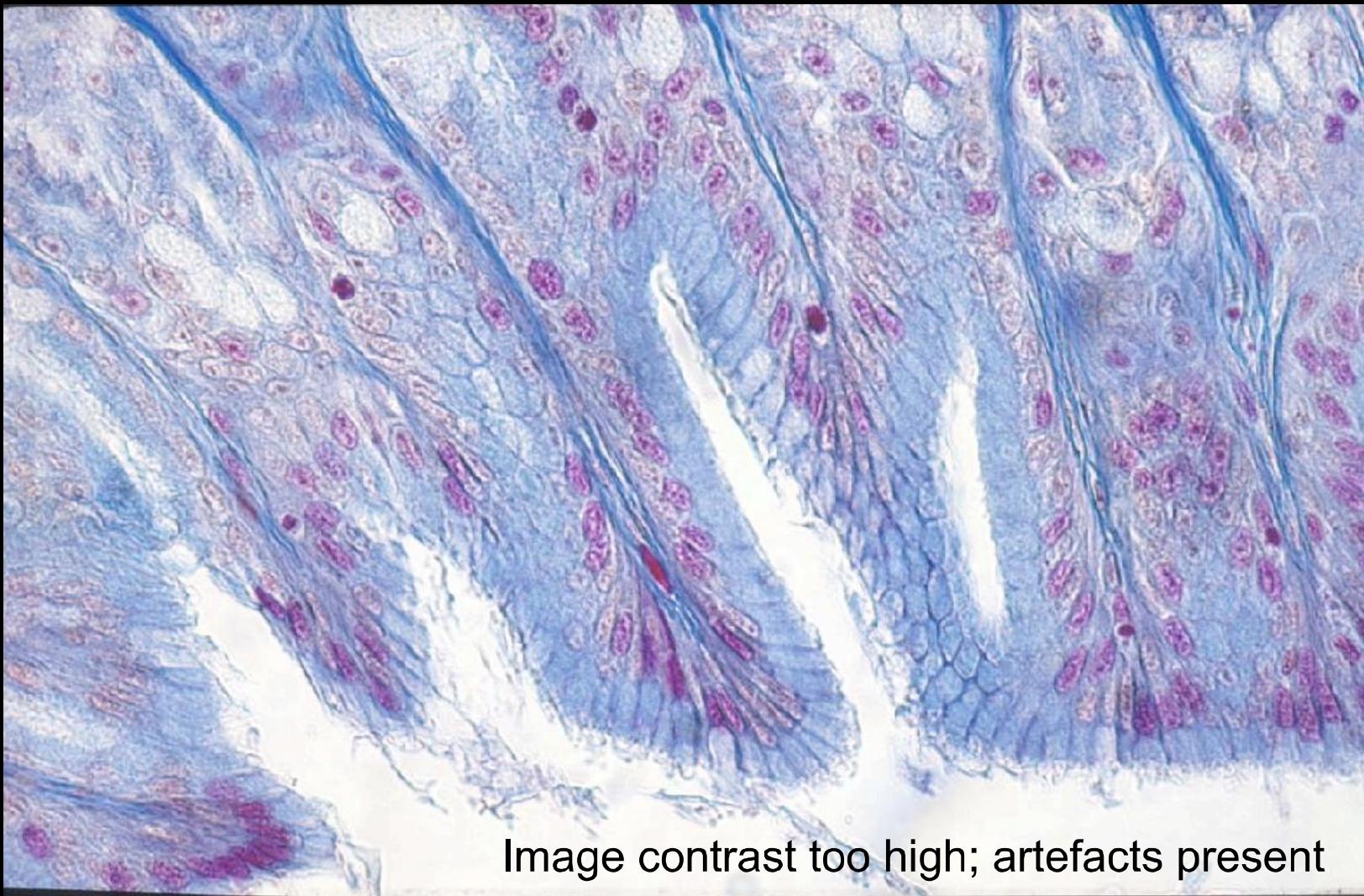


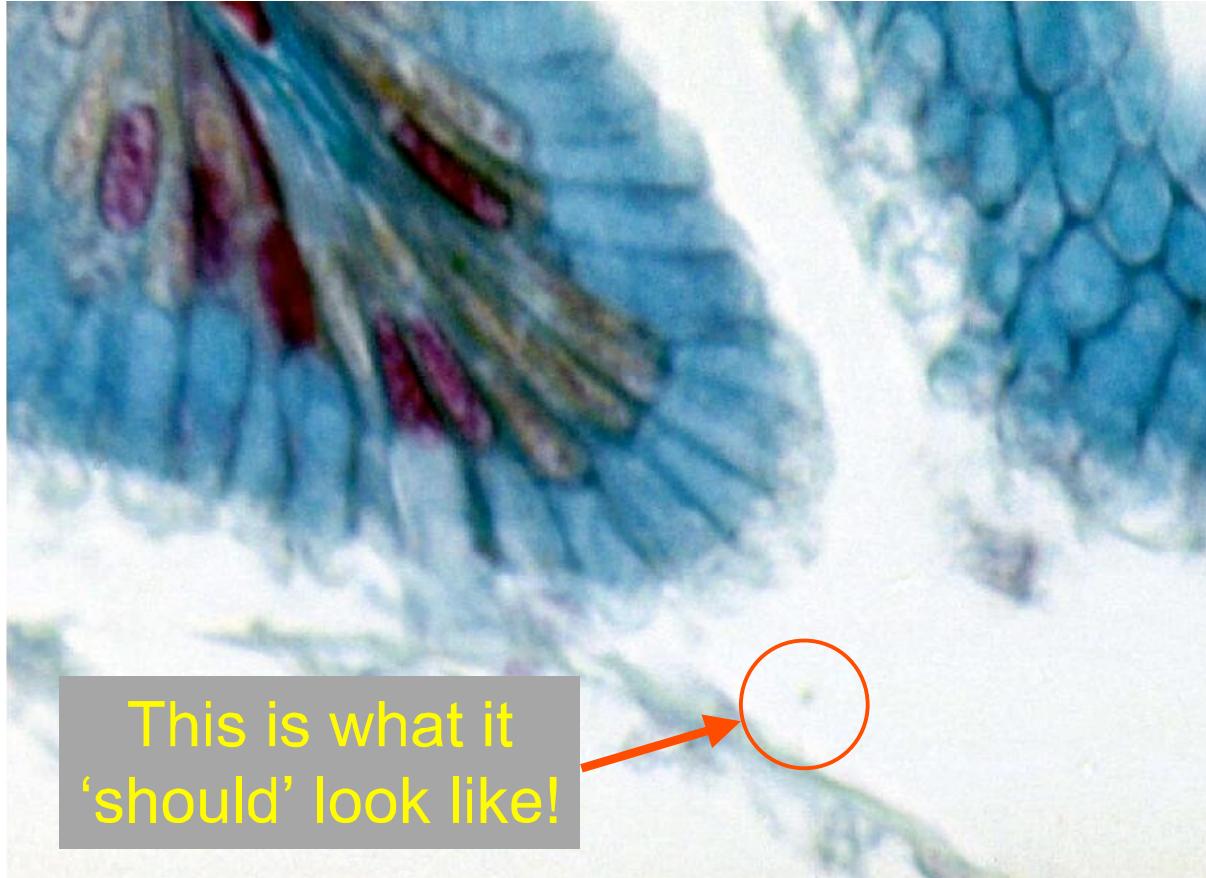
Image contrast too high; artefacts present

From Peter Evennett

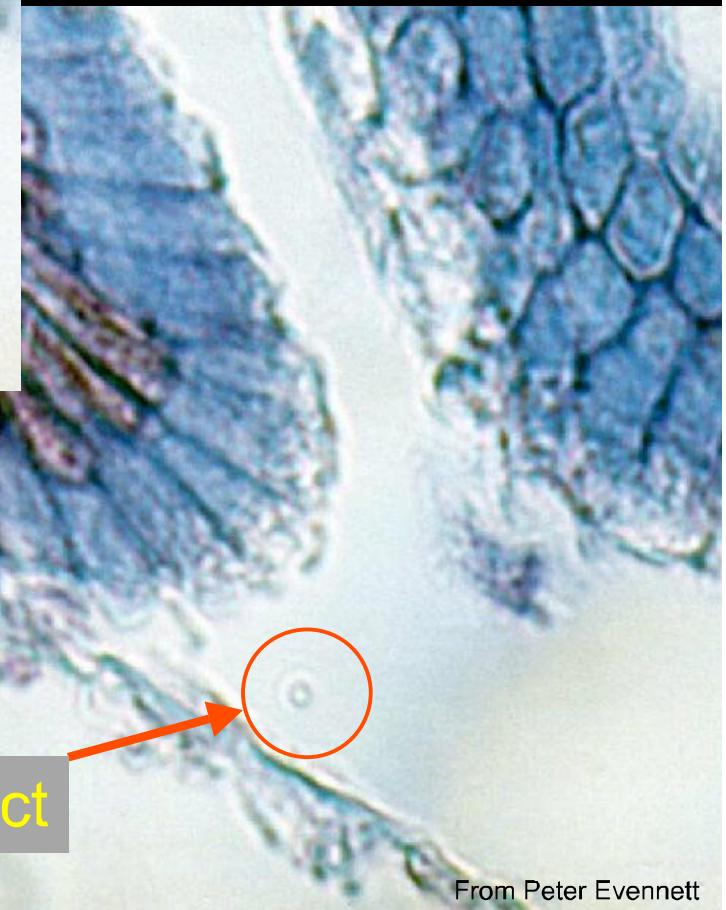
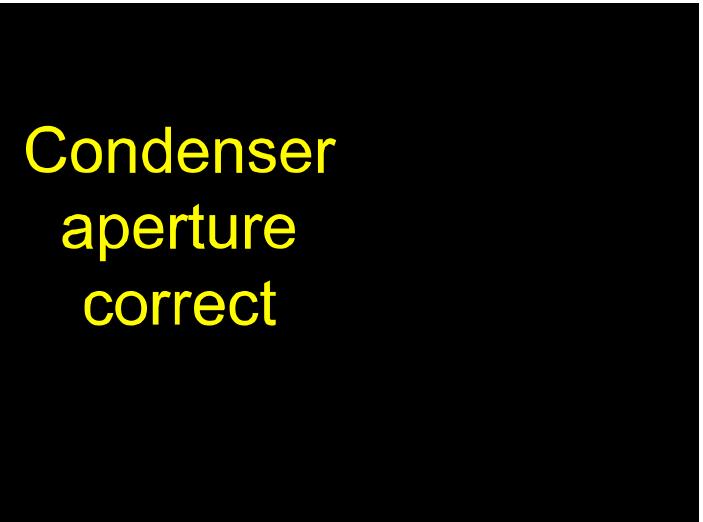
Condenser Aperture too small



From Peter Evennett



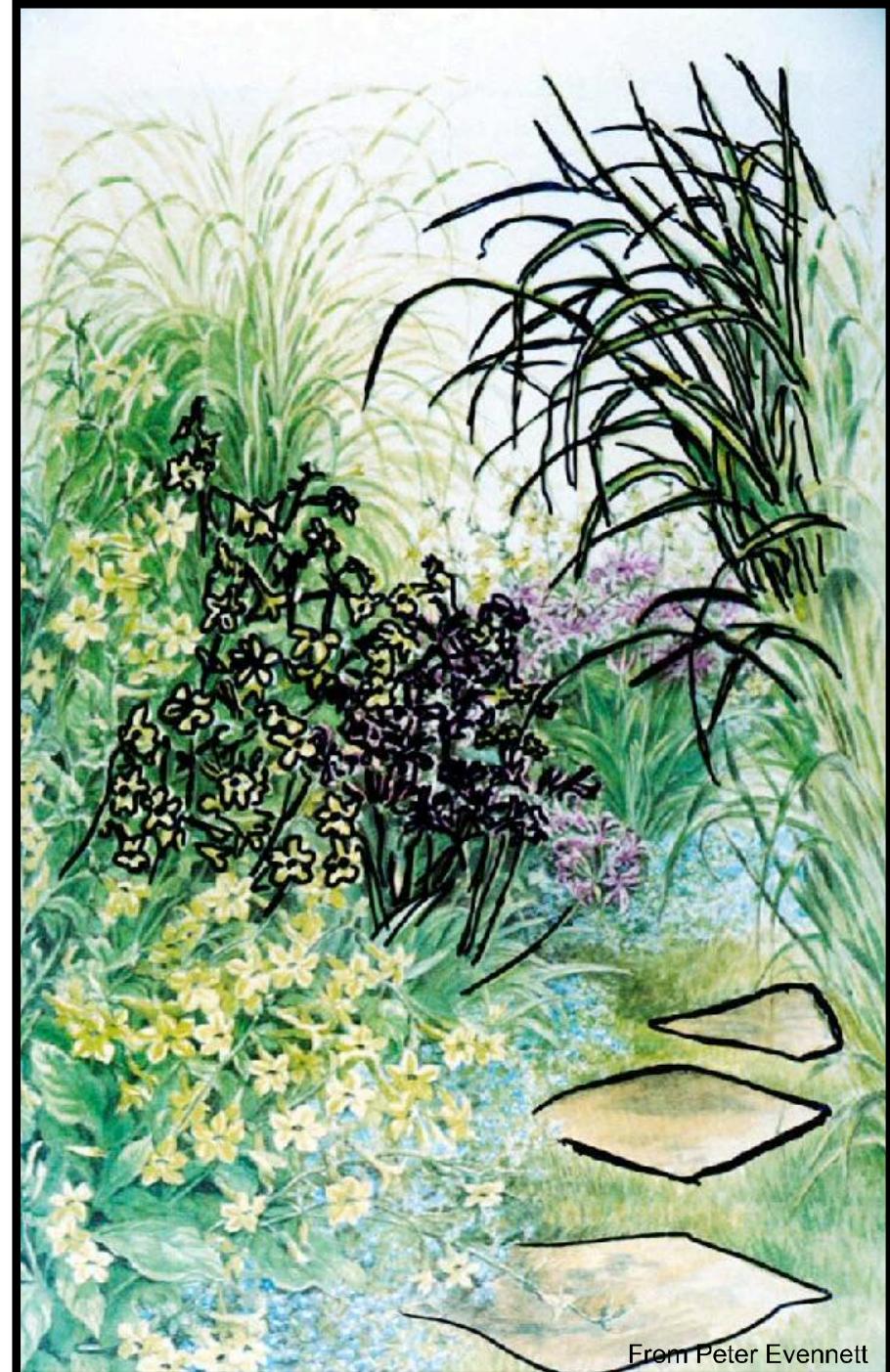
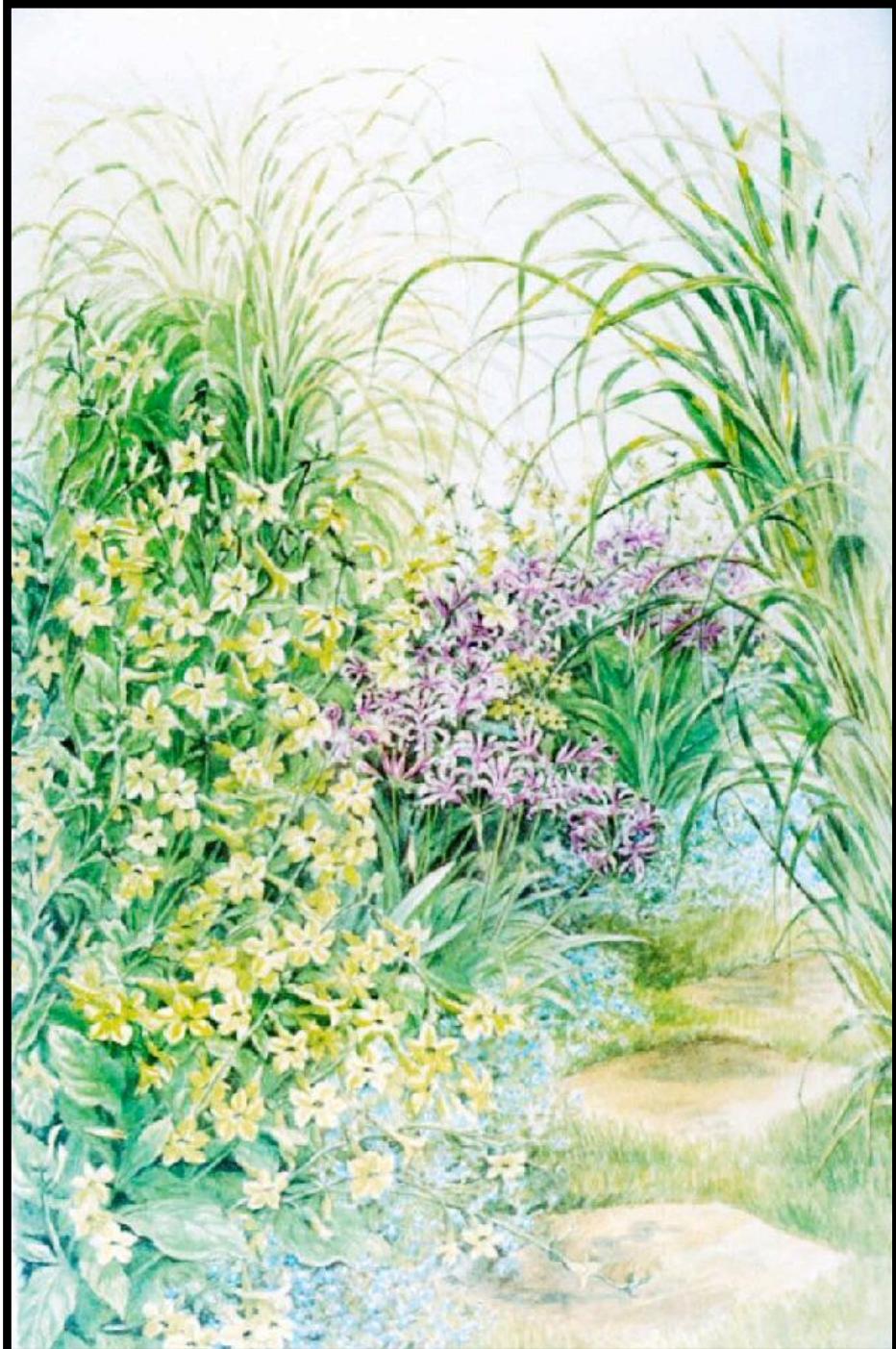
This is what it
'should' look like!



Condenser
aperture
too small

Note this object

From Peter Evennett



From Peter Evennett

Köhler Illumination provides

Control of **Area** illuminated by the
Illuminated Field Diaphragm,
which is adjusted according to **magnification**.

Control of **Angle** of illumination by the
Illuminating Aperture Diaphragm
(the condenser aperture),
which is adjusted according to objective **aperture**.